

## US 84 Mississippi River Bridge; Natchez-Vidalia Bridge



## The Zofnass Program at Harvard University

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22 February 2018

Prof. S.N. Pollalis prepared this case study with researchers at The Zofnass Program as the basis for research and class discussion rather than to illustrate either effective or ineffective handling of the design, the construction or an administrative situation.

The authors would like to thank James Gregg, Department Manager- Engineering, HNTB-Arlington and Jim Grant, Energy & Fueling Systems Director, HNTB-Bellevue.

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## Abstract

The rehabilitation of the US 84 Mississippi River Bridge showcases the importance of “doing the right project” instead of only “doing the project right.” It also proves that doing the right project is not only the most sustainable but can also be the most cost-effective option, supporting the argument that sustainability can cost less.

Works included the repair of two faulty joints of the truss bridge, which was then 75 years old and 25 years past its design lifetime. It was an operation of high technical complexity and with no similar precedent, one that put the bridge in a vulnerable position during repairs. Careful preparation and detailed risk analysis made the project a success. It extended the lifetime of the bridge by 40 years, avoiding the need to construct a new one. The rehabilitation had significant environmental benefits at a fraction of the cost of replacing the bridge. In this case, doing the right project required outside-the-box thinking, being next to the client and advising early in the process before the RFP was issued, seamless cooperation among all stakeholders, and technical expertise and excellent preparation to minimize risks.

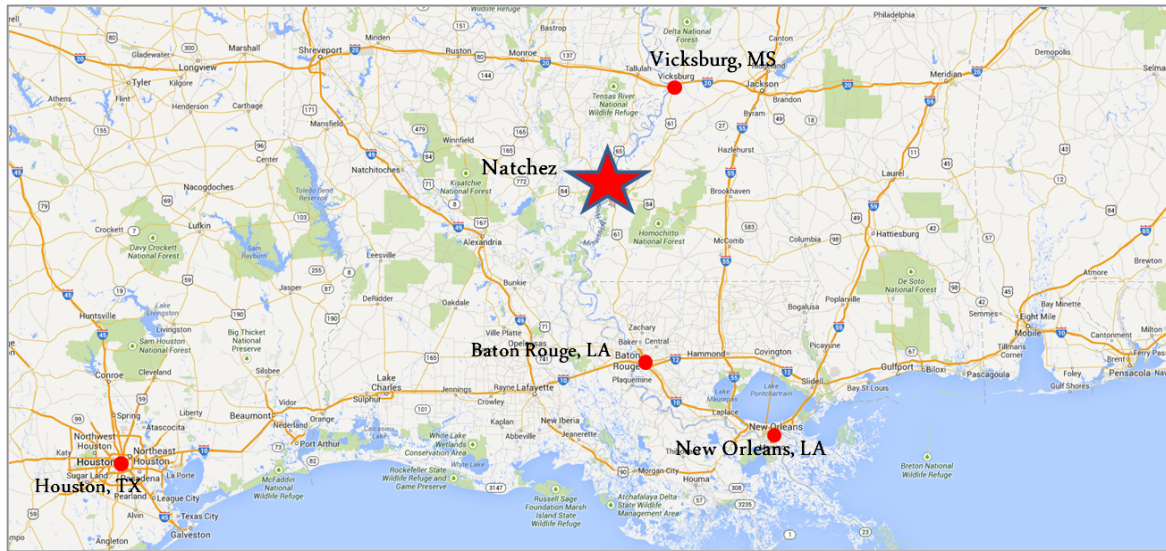
## Project Data

<b>Project Name:</b>	US 84 Mississippi River Bridge (Natchez-Vidalia Bridge)
<b>Sustainability Savings:</b>	Over \$245 million savings Project cost \$3.8 million, compared to at least \$250 million cost for a new bridge
<b>Project Type:</b>	Bridge repair
<b>Location:</b>	Natchez (MS) & Vidalia (LA)
<b>Area / Length:</b>	527,616 ft <sup>2</sup> / 3,664 ft
<b>Capacity:</b>	2014 average daily traffic = 23,000 Two 12 ft lanes with no shoulder
<b>Owner / Client :</b>	Mississippi Department of Transportation (MDOT) & Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (LADOTD); MDOT is the lead agency
<b>Project Team:</b>	Contractor: CEC, Inc
	Engineer/Designer: HNTB
	Facility/Project Manager: James Gregg, HNTB
	Consultants: HNTB
<b>Project Lifespan</b>	40-year extension
<b>Current Status:</b>	Complete
<b>Funding model:</b>	Traditional
<b>Delivery Method:</b>	Design–bid–build
<b>Overall investment cost:</b>	\$3,562,676 (1940) \$3.8 million (2014 rehab)
<b>Design &amp; Construction cost:</b>	\$5 million
<b>O&amp;M cost:</b>	\$500,000 per year
<b>Source of funding:</b>	Funded by state and federal gas taxes

## Introduction and Project Description

The US 84 Mississippi River Bridge, also know as Natchez-Vidalia Bridge, is a twin 5-span cantilever truss bridge that carries US Routes 65, 84, and 425 across the Mississippi River

between Natchez, Mississippi and Vidalia, Louisiana (see map). The original single bridge was also designed by HNTB in 1939 and opened to traffic in September 1940. Due to increased traffic, a second truss bridge, following the same design but wider, was opened to traffic in 1988. Today, the new bridge carries the heavier eastbound traffic and the original bridge the westbound traffic.



The Mississippi Department of Transportation (MDOT) and the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (LADOTD) share the responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the bridge. The first indication of a problem with the structural integrity of the original (1940) bridge came after an in-depth inspection in 1995. The inspection found that a truss pin had begun to shift. In 1996, an attempt was made to reset the pin but was unsuccessful. A later inspection in 2010 showed that two of its eight structural links were compromised as a second pin was shifting. An additional 0.5 inch of shift would mean the bridge had to be closed as unsafe. In 2010, the original bridge had already surpassed its design life by 20 years, and although the condition of the bridge posed no immediate risk, there was no way to create a warning system to alert officials if things deteriorated further.

HNTB was retained as a qualified consultant to the Bridge Department of Mississippi and was assigned the in-depth inspection of the bridge. HNTB was also asked to propose viable options for dealing with the problem. After several inspections it became apparent that age was taking its toll. Structural components lacking any redundancy had worn out and started shifting. Action was required to ensure the safety of the bridge.

HNTB presented five alternative solutions that were evaluated for their technical performance and economic feasibility. The five options were:

- 1) Restrain and monitor – This was the least intrusive option. It suggested adding restraints to the lower pin to prevent it from moving any further, combined with the development of a monitoring plan that would notify MDOT if the pin moved any further. Although low-cost, this option was not chosen as it was buying time rather than dealing with the problem. There were concerns that a restraint would not be able to hold the pin and would damage other components on the bridge. It would also disrupt the historical fabric of the bridge, changing the aesthetics.



- 2) Reset lower pins – This was attempted 15 years ago and was not successful. Reattempting it would most likely result in the same outcome.
- 3) Replace lower pins – Replacing the lower pin would entail drilling out the lower pin and line-boring a new hole in the existing link and gussets. This option was given consideration, but there were concerns that the link might be damaged when the pins were removed. If damaged, it would take several weeks to fabricate new links while the bridge would be closed to traffic and in a vulnerable position.
- 4) Replace link and lower and upper pins – This option required replacing the entire assembly. MDOT felt this was the best option as it provided a better balance between cost and risk and provided the best chance for success.
- 5) Replace the bridge – Replacing the bridge was not an appealing option due to lack of available funding. On top of that, replacing the bridge would require MDOT to open an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIS), which would take 3-5 years to complete before design and construction could start.

After assessing the pros and cons of the five options, they narrowed the selection to options 4 and 5: the replacement of lower and upper pins and links, or the replacement of the bridge, which is the standard procedure usually followed for bridges of that age in the region.

Economics played an important role in eliminating option 5, while longevity was the main criterion for choosing among options 1-4. The listing of the bridge as a candidate for historical status also influenced the final decision. The construction cost for a new bridge would have been at least \$250 million. The construction cost for replacing the pins and links of the first two joints was estimated at \$3.8 million; an additional \$6M would be required for the preventive replacement of the remaining six joints. The \$3.8 million construction cost breaks down to \$133,100 for bridge monitoring, \$2,670,800 for the pin and link replacement, and \$1,016,261 for detour crossover and maintenance of traffic. Additional to construction, \$1.1 million was the cost for design and construction inspection, for a total project cost of \$4.9M. The project was funded by state and federal gas taxes. The cost was split between the states of Louisiana and Mississippi, with the Federal Highway Administration providing an 80% of the total cost.

Despite its being an option with high risk and a construction challenge, the replacement of lower and upper pins and links was finally selected. The decision was driven by option 4's significantly lower cost than option 5 and its sustainability.

HNTB continued with the design based on the existing on-call retainer contract. MDOT and HNTB prepared together the request for qualifications to short-list qualified contractors. Due to the risk and complexity of the project, they wanted a partner, not just a contractor, to follow and supplement the plan. They required contractors to submit their qualifications of personnel, requirements, and experience. Qualified contractors bid on a set of plans prepared by HNTB; CEC Inc. was awarded the project as a low bidder and MDOT served as the contracting agency for the repair. "Despite all of the risks and unknowns of the replacement process, the team of MDOT, LADOTD, HNTB, and CEC, Inc., attributes preparation and communications as the key to a well-run, successful project. Collectively, team members worked to add more years of service life to the bridge. Though coordination between two state agencies may be a challenge, this job turned out to

be the opposite.”<sup>1</sup>

An innovative approach was followed by HNTB and MDOT during design; they completed a risk matrix to identify any possible risk and examine mitigation measures. Thus, it was decided to replace not only the problematic lower pins but the whole assembly, including the links and upper pins, to increase the safety and longevity of the bridge. Similarly, it was decided to replace each single link with multiple eyebars. The existing links are single-forged members that carry the weight of bridge. As a single member, they offer no redundancy. To increase redundancy, five 2-inch eyebar plates were used to replace the existing single 10-inch eyebar. In this way, if one eyebar plate should crack due to fatigue, the crack would be limited to a single plate instead of the whole member.



However, choosing the repair was not an easy decision; it carried risk and required innovative thinking and strong commitment from the client and the consultants. The bridge was already 25 years past its design life when work started, and replacing it with a new one is the standard procedure one would have expected for a bridge of that type and age.

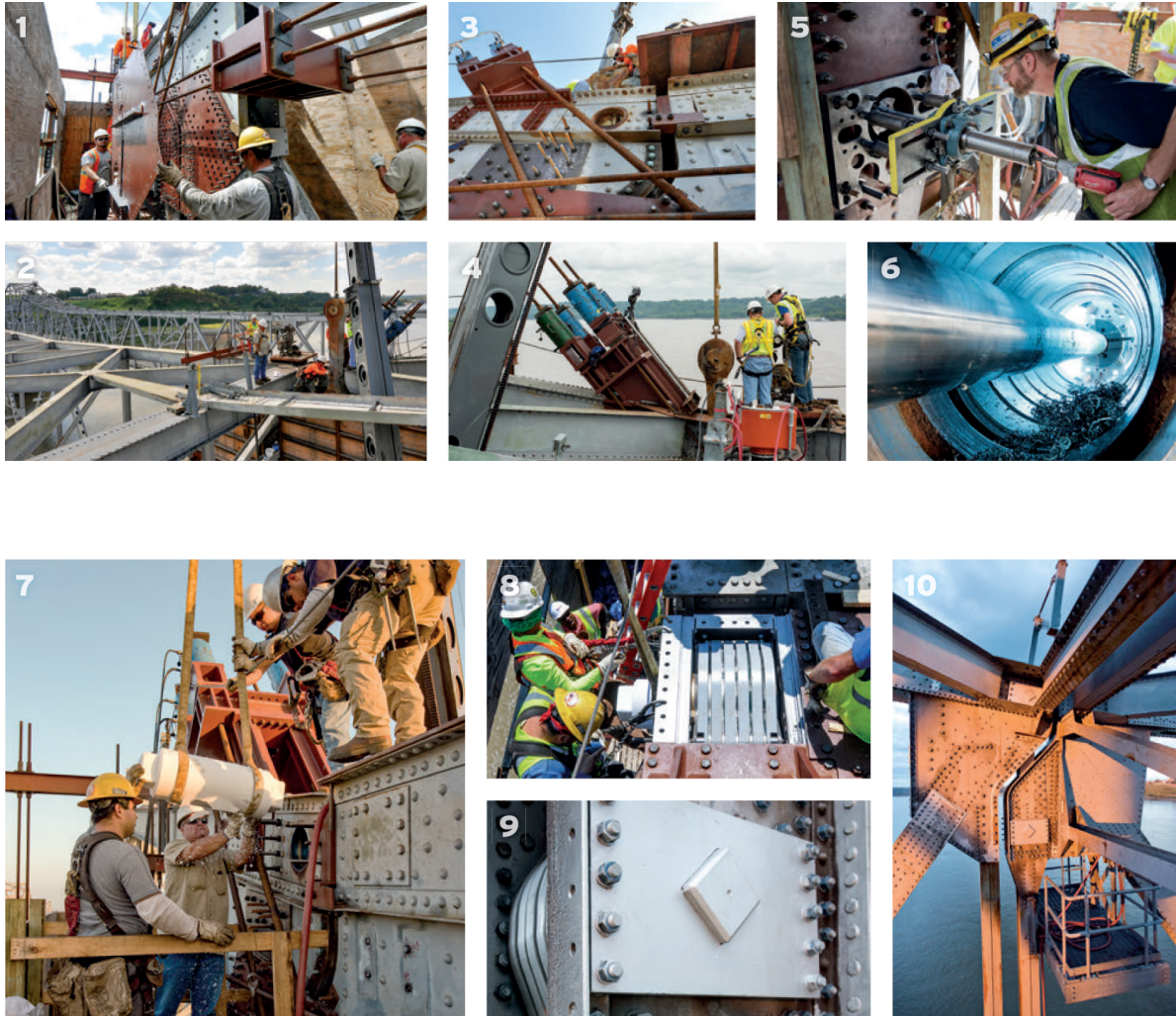
The project is a first of its kind, since never before had a similar intervention been attempted on a vehicle bridge of that type and scale. Rehabilitation started in November 2014 and lasted eleven weeks; during that period the older bridge was shut down for traffic with the newer eastbound bridge accommodating traffic in both directions.

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<sup>1</sup> “New Life for an Old Span,” *HNTB Designer*, no. 105, p. 18.

The final cost for the 2014 rehabilitation project reached \$3.8 million and was funded by state and federal gas taxes. Despite the technical uncertainties of the innovative restoration process that was chosen, the project was delivered on time and within budget.

## Replacement Process<sup>2</sup>



The photos above show the steps that took place during the pin-and-link replacement process.

1. Employees from CEC, Inc., the contractor partner for the project, removed splice plate templates that were welded together so that holes could be drilled in the temporary splice plate, which was one inch thick. Fill plates were installed to ensure the splice plate was flush between the two gussets. More than 400 A490 bolts measuring 7/8 of an inch in diameter were used to fasten the temporary splice plate to the gussets. Horizontal post-tensioning bars were used to prevent the joint from moving.

<sup>2</sup> "New Life for an Old Span," *HNTB Designer*, no. 105, p. 19.

2. The project team removed the 4,500-pound forged link from the bridge by cutting the upper and lower pins with a wire saw.
3. During removal of the U29 link, a diagonal bypass was used to temporarily support the bridge. A one-inch splice plate was used to lock the upper joint, as well as act as a secondary load path if the diagonal bypass failed.
4. To facilitate removal of the forged link from inside the truss, the upper diagonal bypass was positioned on the cantilever span side of the truss to support the suspended span side at the adjacent lower joint (L28-U29 and L48-U49).
5. A subcontractor, In-Place Machine Company from Milwaukee, Wisconsin, worked around the clock during the replacement to measure and line-bore upper and lower pins simultaneously over a three-day period. The team spent 24 hours setting up and measuring before work began to ensure upper and lower pins were plumb and in line with each other.
6. A new hole was line-bored for the existing gusset and new eyebars. Because the existing lower pin hole was oblong from wear and the upper pin was not plumb, the diameter of the new pins was increased up to 3/4 of an inch to ensure proper fit and provide a clean bearing surface.
7. The contractor team installed new upper pins, which were packed in dry ice and transported from the machine shop to the job site, where ice was removed. Grease was applied prior to installation, allowing the new pins to slide into the newly bored holes with ease.
8. The team worked to install new upper pins through the existing gusset and six new eyebars. Both upper and lower pins were turned down in the machine shop just hours prior to installation to ensure a correct fit.
9. The newly installed eyebars are shown in place and secured with a retainer plate to provide a more robust method to prevent the pins from rotating or moving transversely.
10. The completed U49 with new eyebars and retainer plates provides the structural support needed to extend the life of the bridge.

## Overview of the Main Sustainability Features of the Project

The sustainability benefits of this project start from the decision to rehabilitate the bridge and extend its lifetime by 40 years instead of building a new bridge.

Besides the substantial economic benefit, extending the lifetime of the existing bridge was environmentally and socially sustainable. In terms of environmental sustainability, a new bridge would have required a massive amount of material and energy resources, while a plan for deconstruction and recycling of the old bridge would have been necessary. The bridge is a vital link between Mississippi and Louisiana, significantly important for commerce and the local economy. The project ensured the use of the crossing for another 40 years. Moreover, transportation studies



would most likely show that the newer eastbound bridge could not have carried traffic in both directions for the entire construction period, as would have been necessary for a new bridge to replace the old bridge in the exact same location. A possible closure of the bridge before a new one was constructed would have required over 70 miles of detour for trucks. With an estimated 200 trucks per day using the bridge, this would be an additional \$3.0 million per year cost that local industry would have had to absorb, besides the environmental impact of the increased greenhouse gas emissions. On the other hand, a new alignment parallel to the old bridge would have had a significant impact on the riverbanks and would have required land acquisition.

Regarding social sustainability, the bridge, built in 1940, is listed as a historical candidate and eligible for National Register status. Replacing the bridge would have lost the historical eligibility, while adding permanent external bracing was not preferred by the historical society and the local community. Apart from that, the design and construction of a new bridge is a long process that takes up to 10 years, a period during which the structural integrity of the old bridge might have further deteriorated. The bridge is vital for the local economy, and a possible closure even for few years with traffic accommodated only by the eastbound bridge could have had a major impact on the community.

The sustainability performance of the project was confirmed by using the Checklist tool of the Envision® Rating System after the project was completed. The Checklist evaluation results are presented in more detail in the following section.

## Envision® Rating.

This section examines the sustainability performance of the project after applying the self-assessment Checklist tool of the Envision® Rating System. HNTB did the self-assessment. Results are presented through the main five categories of impact of Envision®: Quality of Life, Leadership, Resource Allocation, Natural World, and Climate and Risk.

### *Quality of Life*

The Quality of Life category addresses a project's impact on host and affected communities, from the health and wellbeing of individuals to the wellbeing of the larger social fabric as a whole. These impacts may be physical, economic, or social. Quality of Life focuses on assessing whether infrastructure projects align with community goals, are incorporated into existing community networks, and will benefit the community in the long term. Community members affected by the project are considered important stakeholders in the decision-making process.<sup>3</sup> The Quality of Life category is divided into three subcategories: Purpose, Wellbeing, and Community.

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<sup>3</sup> Envision® manual



			Y	N	NA		
1	PURPOSE	QL1.1 Improve Community Quality of Life	2	0	1		2 of 2
2		QL1.2 Stimulate Sustainable Growth and Development	0	0	3		0 of 0
3	COMMUNITY	QL1.3 Develop Local Skills and Capabilities	0	3	0		0 of 3
4		QL2.1 Enhance Public Health and Safety	1	0	0		1 of 1
5		QL2.2 Minimize Noise and Vibration	0	0	1		0 of 0
6		QL2.3 Minimize Light Pollution	0	0	1		0 of 0
7		QL2.4 Improve Community Mobility and Access	3	0	0		3 of 3
8		QL2.5 Encourage Alternative Modes of Transportation	0	0	2		0 of 0
9	WELLBEING	QL2.6 Improve Site Accessibility, Safety and Wayfinding	3	0	0		3 of 3
10		QL3.1 Preserve Historic and Cultural Resources	2	0	0		2 of 2
11		QL3.2 Preserve Views and Local Character	2	0	0		2 of 2
12		QL3.3 Enhance Public Space	0	2	0		0 of 2
		<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>13</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>8</b>	

The project performed very well in the Quality of Life category, scoring positively on 13 out of 18 applicable questions. It did well on the credit QL1.1 Improve Community Quality of Life, since it eliminated the negative impacts a possible bridge failure would have had on nearby communities and has received broad community endorsement. As expected, the project did exceptionally well on the credits of the community subcategory and more specifically the credits QL2.1 Enhance Public Health and Safety, QL2.4 Improve Community Mobility and Access, and QL2.6 Improve Site Accessibility, Safety and Wayfinding. Finally, the listing of the bridge as historical candidate helped the project on the credits QL3.1 Preserve Historic and Cultural Resources and QL3.2 Preserve Views and Local Character. The applicable credits where the project could have performed better are QL1.3 Develop Local Skills and Capabilities, which promotes local employment and procurement, and QL3.3 Enhance Public Space, as the old and narrow structure of the bridge restricts any improvement in that issue.

### Leadership

Successful sustainable projects require a new way of thinking about how they are developed and delivered. Project teams are most successful if they communicate and collaborate early on, involve a wide variety of people in creating ideas for the project, and take a long-term, holistic view of the project and its life cycle. This category encourages and rewards these actions on the view that, together with traditional sustainability actions such as reducing energy and water use, effective and collaborative leadership produces a truly sustainable project that contributes positively to the world around it. This category is divided into the three subcategories of Collaboration, Management, and Planning.

			Y	N	NA		
13	COLLABORATION	LD1.1 Provide Effective Leadership and Commitment	1	2	0		1 of 3
14		LD1.2 Establish a Sustainability Management System	0	1	0		0 of 1
15		LD1.3 Foster Collaboration and Teamwork	3	0	0		3 of 3
16	MANAGEMENT	LD1.4 Provide for Stakeholder Involvement	1	2	0		1 of 3
17		LD2.1 Pursue By-product Synergy Opportunities	0	1	0		0 of 1
18		LD2.2 Improve Infrastructure Integration	0	0	3		0 of 0
19	PLANNING	LD3.1 Plan for Long-term Monitoring and Maintenance	1	1	0		1 of 2
20		LD3.2 Address Conflicting Regulations and Policies	0	1	1		0 of 1
21		LD3.3 Extend Useful Life	1	0	0		1 of 1
	<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>4</b>		<b>7 of 15</b>

The project performed fairly well in the Leadership category, scoring positively on 7 out of 15 applicable questions. It did very well on the credit LD1.3 Foster Collaboration and Teamwork, since the close collaboration between the client and the consultants and the understanding by all sides of the associated risks made possible the adoption of such an innovative approach and the successful delivery of the project. It also scored high on the credit LD3.3 Extend Useful Life, as it managed to extend substantially the lifetime of the bridge. The project dealt with some aspects covered by the credits LD1.1 Provide Effective Leadership and Commitment, LD1.4 Provide for Stakeholder Involvement, and LD3.1 Plan for Long-term Monitoring and Maintenance, but there was also room for improvement. Finally, credits that the project might have further taken into consideration if Envision® had been used from an early stage include LD1.2 Establish a Sustainability Management System and LD3.2 Address Conflicting Regulation and Policies.

### Resource Allocation

Resources are the assets that are needed to build infrastructure and keep it running. This category is broadly concerned with the quantity, source, and characteristics of these resources and their impacts on the overall sustainability of the project. Resources addressed include physical materials (both those that are consumed and that leave the project), energy, and water. These resources are finite and should be treated as assets to use respectfully. Materials, Energy, and Water comprise the three subcategories of Resource Allocation.

			Y	N	NA	
22	MATERIALS	RA1.1 Reduce Net Embodied Energy	0	0	2	0 of 0
23		RA1.2 Support Sustainable Procurement Practices	0	3	0	0 of 3
24		RA1.3 Use Recycled Materials	1	1	0	1 of 2
25		RA1.4 Use Regional Materials	0	2	0	0 of 2
26		RA1.5 Divert Waste from Landfills	0	3	0	0 of 3
27		RA1.6 Reduce Excavated Materials Taken off Site	0	3	0	0 of 3
28		RA1.7 Provide for Deconstruction and Recycling	0	3	0	0 of 3
29	ENERGY	RA2.1 Reduce Energy Consumption	0	3	0	0 of 3
30		RA2.2 Use Renewable Energy	0	2	0	0 of 2
31	WATER	RA2.3 Commission and Monitor Energy Systems	0	0	3	0 of 0
32		RA3.1 Protect Fresh Water Availability	0	0	7	0 of 0
33		RA3.2 Reduce Potable Water Consumption	0	0	4	0 of 0
34		RA3.3 Monitor Water Systems	0	0	4	0 of 0
<b>TOTAL</b>			<b>1</b>	<b>20</b>		<b>1 of 21</b>

The project had a poor performance in this category, covering only one of the 21 applicable points. However, if we examine the bigger picture, by “doing the right project” and avoiding the construction of a new bridge, the team saved a tremendous amount of natural resources. Still, the performance in this category pinpoints the importance of using a rating system such as Envision® from an early stage, as there is always room for improvement even if a project is sustainable by its nature. For example, issues covered by the credits RA1.2 Support Sustainable Procurement Practices, RA1.4 Use Regional Materials, and RA 1.7 Provide for Deconstruction and Recycling might have delivered a positive result had they been taken into consideration by the team at an early stage. On the other hand, the nature of the project as a targeted intervention doesn’t offer an opportunity for improvement in aspects such as energy consumption. Actually, the credits of the Energy subcategory are on the verge of being applicable in this project, while the credits of the

Water subcategory are not applicable.

### Natural World

Infrastructure projects have an impact on the natural world around them, including habitats, species, and nonliving natural systems. The way a project is located within these systems and the new elements it may introduce to a system can create unwanted impacts. This category addresses how to understand and minimize negative impacts while considering ways in which the infrastructure can interact with natural systems in a synergistic, positive way. These types of interactions and impacts have been divided into three subcategories: Siting, Land and Water, and Biodiversity.

			Y	N	NA		
35	SITING	NW1.1 Preserve Prime Habitat	0	0	5		0 of 0
36		NW1.2 Protect Wetlands and Surface Water	1	1	1		1 of 2
37		NW1.3 Preserve Prime Farmland	0	0	1		0 of 0
38		NW1.4 Avoid Adverse Geology	0	0	3		0 of 0
39		NW1.5 Preserve Floodplain Functions	2	0	4		2 of 2
40		NW1.6 Avoid Unsuitable Development on Steep Slopes	2	0	0		2 of 2
41		NW1.7 Preserve Greenfields	0	0	2		0 of 0
42	LAND & WATER	NW2.1 Manage Stormwater	1	1	0		1 of 2
43		NW2.2 Reduce Pesticide and Fertilizer Impacts	1	4	0		1 of 5
44	BIODIVERSITY	NW2.3 Prevent Surface and Groundwater Contamination	0	0	4		0 of 0
45		NW3.1 Preserve Species Biodiversity	2	2	0		2 of 4
46		NW3.2 Control Invasive Species	0	3	0		0 of 3
47		NW3.3 Restore Disturbed Soils	0	0	2		0 of 0
48		NW3.4 Maintain Wetland and Surface Water Functions	0	0	5		0 of 0
<b>TOTAL</b>			<b>9</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>27</b>		<b>9 of 20</b>

The project did relatively well in the Natural World category, scoring on 9 out of 20 applicable points. Again in this category the bigger picture matters more, as avoiding building a new bridge has significantly protected the natural environment. As already mentioned, a new bridge would have been built in a new alignment, parallel to the existing bridge, which would have had a severe impact on the river and riverbank ecosystem. The selected option of rehabilitating the old bridge might not restore the natural habitat but has the minimum possible new impact on it; thus the high score on the credits NW1.5 Preserve Floodplain Functions and NW1.6 Avoid Unsuitable Development on Steep Slopes, and the good performance on credits such as NW1.2 Protect Wetlands and Surface Water and NW2.1 Manage Stormwater.

### Climate and Risk

The general scope of the Climate and Risk category is twofold: minimizing emissions that may contribute to increased short- and long-term risks, and ensuring that infrastructure projects are resilient to short-term hazards or can adapt to altered long-term future conditions. The Climate and Risk category is divided into two subcategories: Emission and Resilience.

The project has an average performance in the Climate and Risk category, scoring on two out of six applicable points. This is a demanding category of the Envision® System. The project did very well on the credit CR2.2 Avoid Traps and Vulnerabilities, but since it is a targeted intervention in an existing infrastructure project there was not much room for a better performance on credits

associated with greenhouse gas emissions and resilience.

			Y	N	NA	
49	EMISSION	CR1.1 Reduce Greenhouse Gas Emissions	0	1	1	0 of 1
50		CR1.2 Reduce Air Pollutant Emissions	0	0	2	0 of 0
51	RESILIENCE	CR2.1 Assess Climate Threat	0	1	0	0 of 1
52		CR2.2 Avoid Traps and Vulnerabilities	2	0	0	2 of 2
53		CR2.3 Prepare for Long-term Adaptability	0	1	0	0 of 1
54		CR2.4 Prepare for Short-term Hazards	0	0	2	0 of 0
55		CR2.5 Manage Heat Island Effects	0	1	0	0 of 1
<b>TOTAL</b>			<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2 of 6</b>

## In Retrospect

The US 84 Mississippi River Bridge rehabilitation project stands out as an example of how “doing the right project” instead of only “doing the project right” can enhance sustainability and at the same time cost less. At \$3.8 million, the project cost a fraction of the over \$250 million that would be needed for a new bridge. In parallel, it avoided disturbance of the river ecosystem and heavy consumption of natural resources.

It also showcases that innovative and outside-the-box thinking can bring significant environmental, social, and economic benefits. A strong team collaboration is needed for this approach to be successful, with all stakeholders understanding the challenges of the project. In the US 84 Mississippi River Bridge project, both the client and the consultants understood the risks of the operations and worked closely during the whole process to overcome risks and successfully deliver the project. HNTB as the main consultant of the project showed responsibility, proposing a solution that would bring the company a much smaller contract and more complexity and risk for its designers.

This project reinforces the correlation between sustainability and useful lifetime. As most developed countries are facing the aging of their infrastructure, clients, consultants, and engineers become more aware that extending the useful life of a project can be a sustainable and cost-effective approach worth examining before they make decisions.

It should also be mentioned that even if a project has a positive sustainability performance by nature, a sustainability framework or a rating tool such as Envision® can ensure that the project is also executed sustainably (“do the project right”). The post-assessment of the US 84 Mississippi River Bridge project with the Envision® checklist tool proved that it was a sustainable project executed the right way. Still, the application of Envision® at an early stage would have given the project team a holistic perspective, further improving the sustainable performance of the project.

The US 84 Mississippi River Bridge project has established a precedent for repairing truss bridges and overturns the prevailing notion that bridges of that type and age should be replaced with new ones, thus saving millions of taxpayers’ dollars.

## Appendix A - Envision® Checklist

**Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist  
Results Table**

			Y	N	NA			
1	QUALITY OF LIFE	PURPOSE	QL1.1 Improve Community Quality of Life	2	0	1		2 of 2
2			QL1.2 Stimulate Sustainable Growth and Development	0	0	3		0 of 0
3		COMMUNITY	QL1.3 Develop Local Skills and Capabilities	0	3	0		0 of 3
4			QL2.1 Enhance Public Health and Safety	1	0	0		1 of 1
5			QL2.2 Minimize Noise and Vibration	0	0	1		0 of 0
6			QL2.3 Minimize Light Pollution	0	0	1		0 of 0
7			QL2.4 Improve Community Mobility and Access	3	0	0		3 of 3
8			QL2.5 Encourage Alternative Modes of Transportation	0	0	2		0 of 0
9		WELLBEING	QL2.6 Improve Site Accessibility, Safety and Wayfinding	3	0	0		3 of 3
10			QL3.1 Preserve Historic and Cultural Resources	2	0	0		2 of 2
11			QL3.2 Preserve Views and Local Character	2	0	0		2 of 2
12			QL3.3 Enhance Public Space	0	2	0		0 of 2
		<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>8</b>		<b>13 of 18</b>	
13	LEADERSHIP	COLLABORATION	LD1.1 Provide Effective Leadership and Commitment	1	2	0		1 of 3
14			LD1.2 Establish a Sustainability Management System	0	1	0		0 of 1
15		MANAGEMENT	LD1.3 Foster Collaboration and Teamwork	3	0	0		3 of 3
16			LD1.4 Provide for Stakeholder Involvement	1	2	0		1 of 3
17			LD2.1 Pursue By-product Synergy Opportunities	0	1	0		0 of 1
18		PLANNING	LD2.2 Improve Infrastructure Integration	0	0	3		0 of 0
19			LD3.1 Plan for Long-term Monitoring and Maintenance	1	1	0		1 of 2
20			LD3.2 Address Conflicting Regulations and Policies	0	1	1		0 of 1
21			LD3.3 Extend Useful Life	1	0	0		1 of 1
		<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>4</b>		<b>7 of 15</b>	
22	RESOURCE ALLOCATION	MATERIALS	RA1.1 Reduce Net Embodied Energy	0	0	2		0 of 0
23			RA1.2 Support Sustainable Procurement Practices	0	3	0		0 of 3
24			RA1.3 Use Recycled Materials	1	1	0		1 of 2
25			RA1.4 Use Regional Materials	0	2	0		0 of 2
26			RA1.5 Divert Waste from Landfills	0	3	0		0 of 3
27			RA1.6 Reduce Excavated Materials Taken off Site	0	3	0		0 of 3
28			RA1.7 Provide for Deconstruction and Recycling	0	3	0		0 of 3
29		ENERGY	RA2.1 Reduce Energy Consumption	0	3	0		0 of 3
30			RA2.2 Use Renewable Energy	0	2	0		0 of 2
31		WATER	RA2.3 Commission and Monitor Energy Systems	0	0	3		0 of 0
32			RA3.1 Protect Fresh Water Availability	0	0	7		0 of 0
33			RA3.2 Reduce Potable Water Consumption	0	0	4		0 of 0
34	RA3.3 Monitor Water Systems		0	0	4		0 of 0	
		<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>		<b>1 of 21</b>	
35	NATURAL WORLD	SITING	NW1.1 Preserve Prime Habitat	0	0	5		0 of 0
36			NW1.2 Protect Wetlands and Surface Water	1	1	1		1 of 2
37			NW1.3 Preserve Prime Farmland	0	0	1		0 of 0
38			NW1.4 Avoid Adverse Geology	0	0	3		0 of 0
39		LAND & WATER	NW1.5 Preserve Floodplain Functions	2	0	4		2 of 2
40			NW1.6 Avoid Unsuitable Development on Steep Slopes	2	0	0		2 of 2
41			NW1.7 Preserve Greenfields	0	0	2		0 of 0
42			NW2.1 Manage Stormwater	1	1	0		1 of 2
43		BIODIVERSITY	NW2.2 Reduce Pesticide and Fertilizer Impacts	1	4	0		1 of 5
44			NW2.3 Prevent Surface and Groundwater Contamination	0	0	4		0 of 0
45			NW3.1 Preserve Species Biodiversity	2	2	0		2 of 4
46			NW3.2 Control Invasive Species	0	3	0		0 of 3
47		NW3.3 Restore Disturbed Soils	0	0	2		0 of 0	
48		NW3.4 Maintain Wetland and Surface Water Functions	0	0	5		0 of 0	
		<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>27</b>		<b>9 of 20</b>	
49	CLIMATE	EMISSION	CR1.1 Reduce Greenhouse Gas Emissions	0	1	1		0 of 1
50			CR1.2 Reduce Air Pollutant Emissions	0	0	2		0 of 0
51		RESILIENCE	CR2.1 Assess Climate Threat	0	1	0		0 of 1
52			CR2.2 Avoid Traps and Vulnerabilities	2	0	0		2 of 2
53			CR2.3 Prepare for Long-term Adaptability	0	1	0		0 of 1
54			CR2.4 Prepare for Short-term Hazards	0	0	2		0 of 0
55		CR2.5 Manage Heat Island Effects	0	1	0		0 of 1	
		<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>		<b>2 of 6</b>	



## Quality of Life

### 1. Purpose

#### QL 1.1 Improve Community Quality of Life

**Intent:** Improve the net quality of life of all communities affected by the project and mitigate negative impacts to communities.

**Metric:** Measures taken to assess community needs and improve quality of life while minimizing negative impacts.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Are the relevant community needs, goals and issues being addressed in the project?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
Are the potentially negative impacts of the project on the host and nearby communities been reduced or eliminated?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Has the project design received broad community endorsement, including community leaders and stakeholder groups?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b> 2 of 2				

#### QL 1.2 Stimulate Sustainable Growth and Development

**Intent:** Support and stimulate sustainable growth and development, including improvements in job growth, capacity building, productivity, business attractiveness and livability.

**Metric:** Assessment of the project's impact on the community's sustainable economic growth and development.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project contribute significantly to local employment?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
Will the project make a significant increase in local productivity?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
Will the project make the community more attractive to people and businesses?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b> 0 of 0				

#### QL 1.3 Develop Local Skills and Capabilities

**Intent:** Expand the knowledge, skills and capacity of the community workforce to improve their ability to grow and develop.

**Metric:** The extent to which the project will improve local employment levels, skills mix and capabilities.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Does the project team intend to hire and train a substantial number of local workers?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Does the project team intend to use a substantial number of local suppliers and specialty firms?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project, through local employment, subcontracting and education programs, make a substantial improvement in local capacity and competitiveness?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b> 0 of 3				

Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist

**2. Wellbeing**

**QL 2.1 Enhance Public Health and Safety**

**Intent:** Take into account the health and safety implications of using new materials, technologies or methodologies above and beyond meeting regulatory requirements.

**Metric:** Efforts to exceed normal health and safety requirements, taking into account additional risks in the application of new technologies, materials and methodologies.

**Assessment Questions:** Yes No N/A

Does the owner and the project team intend to identify, assess and institute new standards to address additional risks and exposures created by the application of new technologies, materials, equipment and/or methodologies?    ?

**Total** 1 of 1

**QL 2.2 Minimize Noise and Vibration**

**Intent:** Minimize noise and vibration generated during construction and in the operation of the completed project to maintain and improve community livability.

**Metric:** The extent to which noise and vibration will be reduced during construction and operation.

**Assessment Questions:** Yes No N/A

Will the project reduce noise and vibration to levels below local permissible levels during construction and operation?    ?

**Total** 0 of 0

**QL 2.3 Minimize Light Pollution**

**Intent:** Prevent excessive glare, light at night, and light directed skyward to conserve energy and reduce obtrusive lighting and excessive glare.

**Metric:** Lighting meets minimum standards for safety but does not spill over into areas beyond site boundaries, nor does it create obtrusive and disruptive glare.

**Assessment Questions:** Yes No N/A

Will the project be designed to reduce excessive lighting, prevent light spillage and preserve/restore the night sky?    ?

**Total** 0 of 0

Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist

**QL 2.4 Improve Community Mobility and Access**

**Intent:** Locate, design and construct the project in a way that eases traffic congestion, improves mobility and access, does not promote urban sprawl, and otherwise improves community livability.

**Metric:** Extent to which the project improves access and walkability, reductions in commute times, traverse times to existing facilities and transportation. Improved user safety considering all modes, e.g., personal vehicle, commercial vehicle, transit and bike/pedestrian.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project provide good, safe access to adjacent facilities, amenities and transportation hubs?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project design take into consideration the expected traffic flows and volumes in and around the project site to improve overall mobility and efficiency?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Has the project team coordinated the design with other infrastructure assets to reduce traffic congestion, and improve walkability and livability?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>of</b>	<b>3</b>	

**QL 2.5 Encourage Alternative Modes of Transportation**

**Intent:** Improve accessibility to non-motorized transportation and public transit. Promote alternative transportation and reduce congestion.

**Metric:** The degree to which the project has increased walkability, use of public transit, non-motorized transit.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project be within walking distance of accessible multi-modal transportation?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
Through its design, will the project encourage the use of transit and/or non-motorized transportation?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>of</b>	<b>0</b>	

**QL 2.6 Improve Accessibility, Safety and Wayfinding**

**Intent:** Improve user accessibility, safety, and wayfinding of the site and surrounding areas.

**Metric:** Clarity, simplicity, readability and broad-population reliability in wayfinding, user benefit and safety.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project contain the appropriate signage for safety and wayfinding in and around the constructed works?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project address safety and accessibility in and around the constructed works for users and emergency personnel?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project extend accessibility and intuitive signage to protect nearby sensitive sites or neighborhoods?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>of</b>	<b>3</b>	

Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist

**3. Community**

**QL 3.1 Preserve Historic and Cultural Resources**

**Intent:** Preserve or restore significant historical and cultural sites and related resources to preserve and enhance community cultural resources.

**Metric:** Summary of steps taken to identify, preserve or restore cultural resources.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project minimize negative impacts on historic and cultural resources?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project be designed so that it fully preserves and/or restores historic/cultural resources on or near the project site?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	<b>2 of 2</b>			

**QL 3.2 Preserve Views and Local Character**

**Intent:** Design the project in a way that maintains the local character of the community and does not have negative impacts on community views.

**Metric:** Thoroughness of efforts to identify important community views and aspects of local landscape, including communities, and incorporate them into the project design.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project be designed in a way that preserves views and local character?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project be designed to improve local character, views or the natural landscape through preservation and/or restorative actions?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	<b>2 of 2</b>			

**QL 3.3 Enhance Public Space**

**Intent:** Improve existing public space including parks, plazas, recreational facilities, or wildlife refuges to enhance community livability.

**Metric:** Plans and commitments to preserve, conserve, enhance and/or restore the defining elements of the public space.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project make meaningful enhancements to public space?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project result in a substantial restoration to public space?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	<b>0 of 2</b>			

CONTINUE ON TO THE LEADERSHIP CATEGORY →

Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist

**Leadership**

**1. Collaboration**

**LD1.1 Provide Effective Leadership and Commitment**

**Intent:** Provide effective leadership and commitment to achieve project sustainability goals.

**Metric:** Demonstration of meaningful commitment of the project owner and the project team to the principles of sustainability and sustainable performance improvement.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Has the project team issued public statements stating their commitment to sustainability?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Is the project team's commitment to sustainability backed up by examples of actions taken or to be taken?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Do these commitments and actions demonstrate sufficiently that sustainability is a core value of the project team?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>of</b>	<b>3</b>	

**LD 1.2 Establish a Sustainability Management System**

**Intent:** Create a project management system that can manage the scope, scale and complexity of a project seeking to improve sustainable performance.

**Metric:** The organizational policies, authorities, mechanisms and business processes that have been put in place and the judgment that they are sufficient for the scope, scale and complexity of the project.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Does the project team intend to establish a sound, workable sustainability management system that meets the requirements of the project?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>of</b>	<b>1</b>	

**LD 1.3 Foster Collaboration and Teamwork**

**Intent:** Eliminate conflicting design elements, and optimize system by using integrated design and delivery methodologies and collaborative processes.

**Metric:** The extent of collaboration within the project team and the degree to which project delivery processes incorporate whole systems design and delivery approaches.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Are the project owner and the project team intending to take a systems view of the project, considering the performance relationship of this project to other community infrastructure elements?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project owner and the project team establish a collaborative relationship on the project to achieve higher levels of sustainable performance?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project owner and the project team institute a whole systems design and delivery process with the objective of maximizing sustainable performance?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>of</b>	<b>3</b>	

**LD 1.4 Provide for Stakeholder Involvement**



**Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist**

<b>Intent:</b> Establish sound and meaningful programs for stakeholder identification, engagement and involvement in project decision making.			
<b>Metric:</b> The extent to which project stakeholders are identified and engaged in project decision making. Satisfaction of stakeholders and decision makers in the involvement process.			
<b>Assessment Questions:</b>	Yes	No	N/A
Will key stakeholders in the project be identified and lines of communication established?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Does the project team plan to engage with stakeholders and solicit stakeholder feedback?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project team establish a strong stakeholder involvement process designed to involve the public meaningfully in project decision-making?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>	1	of	3

## 2. Management

<b>LD 2.1 Pursue By-Product Synergy Opportunities</b>			
<b>Intent:</b> Reduce waste, improve project performance and reduce project costs by identifying and pursuing opportunities to use unwanted by-products or discarded materials and resources from nearby operations.			
<b>Metric:</b> The extent to which the project team identified project materials needs, sought out nearby facilities with by-product resources that could meet those needs and capture synergy opportunities.			
<b>Assessment Questions:</b>	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project team establish a program to locate, assess and make use of unwanted by-products and materials on the project?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>	0	of	1

<b>LD 2.2 Improve Infrastructure Integration</b>			
<b>Intent:</b> Design the project to take into account the operational relationships among other elements of community infrastructure which results in an overall improvement in infrastructure efficiency and effectiveness.			
<b>Metric:</b> The extent to which the design of the delivered works integrates with existing and planned community infrastructure, and results in a net improvement in efficiency and effectiveness.			
<b>Assessment Questions:</b>	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project team seek to optimize sustainable performance at the infrastructure component level?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project team seek to optimize sustainable performance by designing the project as an integrated system?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project be planned and designed so that its operation and functions are fully integrated with all infrastructure elements in the community?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>	0	of	0

Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist

**3. Planning**

<b>LD 3.1 Plan For Long-term Maintenance and Monitoring</b>			
<b>Intent:</b> Put in place plans and sufficient resources to ensure as far as practical that ecological protection, mitigation and enhancement measures are incorporated in the project and can be carried out.			
<b>Metric:</b> Comprehensiveness and detail of long-term monitoring and maintenance plans, and commitment of resources to fund the activities.			
<b>Assessment Questions:</b>	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project have a plan for long term monitoring and maintenance?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will that plan be sufficiently comprehensive, covering all aspects of long-term monitoring and maintenance?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		1	of 2

<b>LD 3.2 Address Conflicting Regulations and Policies</b>			
<b>Intent:</b> Work with officials to identify and address laws, standards, regulations or policies that may unintentionally create barriers to implementing sustainable infrastructure.			
<b>Metric:</b> Efforts to identify and change laws, standards, regulations and/or policies that may unintentionally run counter to sustainability goals, objectives and practices.			
<b>Assessment Questions:</b>	Yes	No	N/A
Will an assessment of applicable regulations, policies and standards be done, identifying those that may run counter to project sustainable performance goals, objectives and targets?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Do the owner and the project team intend to approach decision-makers to resolve conflicts?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		0	of 1

<b>LD 3.3 Extend Useful Life</b>			
<b>Intent:</b> Extend a project's useful life by designing a completed project that is more durable, flexible, and resilient.			
<b>Metric:</b> The degree to which the project team incorporates full life-cycle thinking in improving the durability, flexibility, and resilience of the project.			
<b>Assessment Questions:</b>	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project be designed in ways that extend substantially the useful life of the project?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		1	of 1

CONTINUE ON TO THE RESOURCE ALLOCATION CATEGORY →

## Resource Allocation

### 1. Materials

#### RA1.1 Reduce Net Embodied Energy

**Intent:** Conserve energy by reducing the net embodied energy of project materials over the project life.

**Metric:** Percentage reduction in net embodied energy from a life cycle energy assessment.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Does the project team plan to conduct an assessment of the embodied energy of key materials over the project life?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
Will the project achieve at least a 10% reduction in net embodied energy over the life of the project?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	

#### RA 1.2 Support Sustainable Procurement Practice

**Intent:** Obtain materials and equipment from manufacturers and suppliers who implement sustainable practices.

**Metric:** Percentage of materials sourced from manufacturers who meet sustainable practices requirements.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project team establish a preference for using manufacturers, suppliers and service companies that have strong sustainable policies and practices?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project team establish a sound and viable sustainable procurement program?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Does the project team intend to source at least 15% of project materials, equipment, supplies and services from these companies?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	

#### RA 1.3 Use Recycled Materials

**Intent:** Reduce the use of virgin materials and avoid sending useful materials to landfills by specifying reused materials, including structures, and material with recycled content.

**Metric:** Percentage of project materials that are reused or recycled.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project team consider the appropriate reuse of existing structures and materials and incorporated them into the project?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project team specify that at least 5% of materials with recycled content be used on the project?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	

**Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist**

<b>RA 1.4 Use Regional Materials</b>			
<b>Intent:</b> Minimize transportation costs and impacts and retain regional benefits through specifying local sources.			
<b>Metric:</b> Percentage of project materials by type and weight or volume sourced within the required distance.			
<b>Assessment Questions:</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>N/A</b>
Will the project team work to identify local/regional sources of materials?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Are at least 30% of project materials locally sourced?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>	0	of	2

<b>RA 1.5 Divert Waste from Landfills</b>			
<b>Intent:</b> Reduce waste and divert waste streams away from disposal to recycling and reuse.			
<b>Metric:</b> Percentage of total waste diverted from disposal.			
<b>Assessment Questions:</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>N/A</b>
Will the project team identify potential recycling and reuse destinations for construction and demolition waste generated on site?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project team develop an operations waste management plan to decrease and divert project waste from landfills and incinerators during construction and operation?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project divert at least 25% of project waste from landfills?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>	0	of	3

<b>RA 1.6 Reduce Excavated Materials Taken Off Site</b>			
<b>Intent:</b> Minimize the movement of soils and other excavated materials off site to reduce transportation and environmental impacts.			
<b>Metric:</b> Percentage of excavated material retained on site.			
<b>Assessment Questions:</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>N/A</b>
Will the project be designed to balance cut and fill to reduce the amount of excavated material taken off site?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
When necessary, will the project team taken steps to identify local sources/receivers of excavated material?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project reuse at least 30% of suitable excavated material onsite?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>	0	of	3

**Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist**

<b>RA 1.7 Provide for Deconstruction and Recycling</b>				
<b>Intent:</b> Encourage future recycling, up-cycling, and reuse by designing for ease and efficiency in project disassembly or deconstruction at the end of its useful life.				
<b>Metric:</b> Percentage of components that can be easily separated for disassembly or deconstruction.				
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project team assess whether materials specified can be easily recycled or reused after the useful life of the project has ended?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project be designed so that at least 15% of project materials can be easily separated for recycling or readily reused at the end of the project's useful life?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project team incorporate methods for increasing the likelihood of materials recycling when the project is operating?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b> 0    of    3				

## 2. Energy

<b>RA 2.1 Reduce Energy Consumption</b>				
<b>Intent:</b> Conserve energy by reducing overall operation and maintenance energy consumption throughout the project life cycle.				
<b>Metric:</b> Percentage of reductions achieved.				
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project team conduct reviews to identify options for reducing energy consumption during operations and maintenance of the constructed works?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project team conducted feasibility studies and cost analyses to determine the most effective methods for energy reduction and incorporated them into the design?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Is the project expected to achieve at least a 10% reduction in energy consumption?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b> 0    of    3				

<b>RA 2.2 Use Renewable Energy</b>				
<b>Intent:</b> Meet energy needs through renewable energy sources.				
<b>Metric:</b> Extent to which renewable energy resources are incorporated into the design, construction and operation.				
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the owner and project team identify and analyze options to meet operational energy needs through renewable energy?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project meet at least 25% of its energy needs through renewable energy?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b> 0    of    2				



Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist

RA 2.3 Commission and Monitor Energy Systems			
<b>Intent:</b> Ensure efficient functioning and extend useful life by specifying the commissioning and monitoring of the performance of energy systems.			
<b>Metric:</b> Third party commissioning of electrical/mechanical systems and documentation of system monitoring equipment in the design.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Does the owner and project team intend to conduct an independent commissioning of the project's energy and mechanical systems?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project team assemble the necessary information needed to train operations and maintenance workers in a way that facilitates proper training and operations?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the design incorporate advanced monitoring systems, such as energy sub-meters, to enable more efficient operations?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>	0	of	0

### 3. Water

RA 3.1 Protect Fresh Water Availability			
<b>Intent:</b> Reduce the negative net impact on fresh water availability, quantity and quality.			
<b>Metric:</b> The extent to which the project uses fresh water resources without replenishing those resources at their source.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project team assess project water requirements?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Does the project team plan to conduct a comprehensive assessment of the project's long-term impacts on water availability?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project only access water that can be replenished in both quantity and quality?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project consider the impacts of fresh water withdrawal on receiving waters?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project discharge into receiving waters meet quality and quantity requirements for high value aquatic species?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project achieve a net-zero impact on water supply quantity and quality?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project restore the quantity and quality of fresh water surface and groundwater supplies to an undeveloped native ecosystem condition?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>	0	of	0

RA 3.2 Reduce Potable Water Consumption			
<b>Intent:</b> Reduce overall potable water consumption and encourage the use of greywater, recycled water, and stormwater to meet water needs.			
<b>Metric:</b> Percentage of water reduction.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project team conduct planning or design reviews to identify potable water reduction strategies?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project team conduct feasibility and cost analysis to determine the most effective methods for potable water reduction and incorporated them into the design?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project achieve at least a 25% reduction in potable water consumption?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project result in a net positive generation of water, and water up-cycling, as a result of on-site purification or treatment?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>	0	of	0

Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist

RA 3.3 Monitor Water Systems			
Intent: Implement programs to monitor water systems performance during operations and their impacts on receiving waters.			
Metric: Documentation of system in the design			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the owner and project team conduct an independent commissioning/monitoring of the project's water systems in order to validate the design objectives?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project design incorporate the means to monitor water performance during operations?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project integrate long-term operations and impact monitoring to mitigate negative impacts and improve efficiency?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will specific strategies be put in place to utilize monitoring and leak detection in order for the project to be more responsive to changing operating conditions?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		0	of 0

CONTINUE ON TO THE NATURAL WORLD CATEGORY →

Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist

**Natural World**

**1. Siting**

**NW 1.1 Preserve Prime Habitat**

**Intent:** Avoid placing the project – and the site compound/temporary works – on land that has been identified as of high ecological value or as having species of high value.

**Metric:** Avoidance of high ecological value sites and establishment of protective buffer zones.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project team take steps to identify and document areas of prime habitat near or on the site?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
Will the project avoid development on land that is judged to be prime habitat?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
Will the project establish a minimum 300 ft. natural buffer zone around all areas deemed prime habitat?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
Will the project significantly increase the area of prime habitat through habitat restoration?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
Will the project improve habitat connectivity by linking habitats?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	0 of 0			

**NW 1.2 Protect Wetlands and Surface Water**

**Intent:** Protect, buffer, enhance and restore areas designated as wetlands, shorelines, and waterbodies by providing natural buffer zones, vegetation and soil protection zones.

**Metric:** Size of natural buffer zone established around all wetlands, shorelines, and waterbodies.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project avoid development on wetlands, shorelines, and waterbodies?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project maintain soil protection zones (VSPV) around all wetlands, shorelines, and waterbodies?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Will the project restore degraded existing buffer zones to a natural state?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	1 of 2			

**NW 1.3 Preserve Prime Farmland**

**Intent:** Identify and protect soils designated as prime farmland, unique farmland, or farmland of statewide importance.

**Metric:** Percentage of prime farmland avoided during development.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will this project avoid development on land designated as prime farmland.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>	0 of 0			

Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist

<b>NW 1.4 Avoid Adverse Geology</b>			
<b>Intent:</b> Avoid development in adverse geologic formations and safeguard aquifers to reduce natural hazards risk and preserve high quality groundwater resources.			
<b>Metric:</b> Degree to which natural hazards and sensitive aquifers are avoided and geologic functions maintained.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project team identify and address the impacts of sensitive or adverse geology?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project be designed to reduce the risk of damage to sensitive geology?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project be designed to reduce the risk of damage from adverse geology?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		0	of 0

<b>NW 1.5 Preserve Floodplain Functions</b>			
<b>Intent:</b> Preserve floodplain functions by limiting development and development impacts to maintain water management capacities and capabilities.			
<b>Metric:</b> Efforts to avoid floodplains or maintain predevelopment floodplain functions.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project avoid or limit development within the design frequency floodplain?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project maintain pre-development floodplain infiltration and water quality?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project design incorporate a flood emergency operations and/or evacuation plan?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project maintain or enhance riparian and aquatic habitat, including aquatic habitat connectivity?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project maintain sediment transport?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Does the project team intend to modify or remove infrastructure subject to frequent damage by floods?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		2	of 2

<b>NW 1.6 Avoid Unsuitable Development on Steep Slopes</b>			
<b>Intent:</b> Protect steep slopes and hillsides from inappropriate and unsuitable development in order to avoid exposures and risks from erosion and landslides, and other natural hazards.			
<b>Metric:</b> The degree to which development on steep slopes is avoided, or to which erosion control and other measures are used to protect the constructed works as well as other downslope structures.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project team use best management practices to manage erosion and prevent landslides?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project team minimize or avoid all development on or disruption to steep slopes?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		2	of 2

Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist

NW 1.7 Preserve Greenfields			
<b>Intent:</b> Conserve undeveloped land by locating projects on previously developed greyfield sites and/or sites classified as brownfields.			
<b>Metric:</b> Percentage of site that is a greyfield or the use and cleanup of a site classified as a brownfield.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project team consider how the project can conserve undeveloped land?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will at least 25% of the project development be located on previously developed sites, that is, sites classified as greyfields or brownfields?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		0	of 0

## 2. Land and Water

NW 2.1 Manage Stormwater			
<b>Intent:</b> Minimize the impact of infrastructure on stormwater runoff quantity and quality.			
<b>Metric:</b> Infiltration and evapotranspiration capacity of the site and return to pre-development capacities.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project be designed to reduce storm runoff to pre-development conditions?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project be designed to significantly improve water storage capacity?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		1	of 2

NW 2.2 Reduce Pesticides and Fertilizer Impacts			
<b>Intent:</b> Reduce non-point source pollution by reducing the quantity, toxicity, bioavailability and persistence of pesticides and fertilizers, or by eliminating the need for the use of these materials.			
<b>Metric:</b> Efforts made to reduce the quantity, toxicity, bioavailability and persistence of pesticides and fertilizers used on site, including the selection of plant species and the use of integrated pest management techniques.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will operational policies be put in place to control and reduce the application of fertilizers and pesticides?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project include runoff controls to minimize contamination of ground and surface water?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project team select landscaping plants to minimize the need for fertilizer or pesticides?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project team select fertilizers and pesticides appropriate for site conditions with low-toxicity, persistence, and bioavailability?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project be designed to eliminate the need for pesticides or fertilizers?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		1	of 5

Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist

NW 2.3 Prevent Surface and Groundwater Contamination			
<b>Intent:</b> Preserve fresh water resources by incorporating measures to prevent pollutants from contaminating surface and groundwater and monitor impacts over operations.			
<b>Metric:</b> Designs, plans and programs instituted to prevent and monitor surface and groundwater contamination.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project team conduct or acquire hydrologic delineation studies?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will spill and leak prevention and response plans and design be incorporated into the design?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project design reduce or eliminate potentially polluting substances from the project?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project team seek to reduce future contamination by cleaning up areas of contamination and instituting land use controls to limit the introduction of future contamination sources?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		0	of 0

### 3. Biodiversity

NW 3.1 Preserve Species Biodiversity			
<b>Intent:</b> Protect biodiversity by preserving and restoring species and habitats.			
<b>Metric:</b> Degree of habitat protection.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project team identify existing habitats on and near the project site?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project protect existing habitats?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project increase the quality or quantity of existing habitat?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project preserve, or improve, wildlife movement corridors?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		2	of 4

NW 3.2 Control Invasive Species			
<b>Intent:</b> Use appropriate non-invasive species and control or eliminate existing invasive species.			
<b>Metric:</b> Degree to which invasive species have been reduced or eliminated.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project team specify locally appropriate and non-invasive plants on the site?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project team implement a comprehensive management plan to identify, control, and/or eliminate, invasive species?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Will the project team implement a comprehensive management plan to prevent or mitigate the future encroachment of invasive species?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		0	of 3

Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist

NW 3.3 Restore Disturbed Soils			
<b>Intent:</b> Restore soils disturbed during construction and previous development to bring back ecological and hydrological functions.			
<b>Metric:</b> Percentage of disturbed soils restored.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project restore 100% of soils disturbed during construction?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project restore 100% of soils disturbed by previous development?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		0	of 0

NW 3.4 Maintain Wetland and Surface Water Functions			
<b>Intent:</b> Maintain and restore the ecosystem functions of streams, wetlands, waterbodies and their riparian areas.			
<b>Metric:</b> Number of functions maintained and restored.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project maintain or enhance hydrologic connection?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project maintain or enhance water quality?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project maintain or enhance habitat?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project maintain or restore sediment transport?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will wetlands and surface water be maintained or restored so as to have a fully functioning aquatic and riparian ecosystem?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b>		0	of 0

CONTINUE ON TO THE CLIMATE AND RISK CATEGORY →

## Climate and Risk

### 1. Emissions

#### CR1.1 Reduce Greenhouse Gas Emissions

**Intent:** Conduct a comprehensive life-cycle carbon analysis and use this assessment to reduce the anticipated amount of net greenhouse gas emissions during the life cycle of the project, reducing project contribution to climate change.

**Metric:** Percent reduction of life-cycle net carbon dioxide equivalent (CO<sub>2</sub>e) emissions.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will a life-cycle carbon assessment be conducted on the project?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
Based on that assessment, will the project be designed to reduce carbon emissions by at least 10%?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>		0	of	1

#### CR 1.2 Reduce Air Pollutant Emissions

**Intent:** Reduce the emission of six criteria pollutants; particulate matter (including dust), ground level ozone, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, nitrogen oxides, lead, and noxious odors.

**Metric:** Measurements of air pollutants as compared to standards used.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project be designed in a way that substantially reduces dust and odors on the site?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
Will the project be designed in a way that substantially exceeds the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for the six criteria pollutants?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>		0	of	0

### 2. Resilience

#### CR 2.1 Assess Climate Threat

**Intent:** Develop a comprehensive Climate Impact Assessment and Adaptation Plan.

**Metric:** Summary of steps taken to prepare for climate variation and natural hazards.

Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A	
Will the project team develop a Climate Impact Assessment and Adaptation Plan?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	?
<b>Total</b>		0	of	1



Envision Rating System  
Pre-Assessment Checklist

CR 2.2 Avoid Traps and Vulnerabilities			
<b>Intent:</b> Avoid traps and vulnerabilities that could create high, long-term costs and risks for the affected communities.			
<b>Metric:</b> The extent of the assessment of potential long-term traps, vulnerabilities and risks due to long-term changes such as climate change and the degree to which these were addressed in the project design and in community design criteria.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will a comprehensive review be conducted to identify the potential risks and vulnerabilities that would be created or made worse by the project?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
Is there an intent by the owner or the project team to alter the design to reduce or eliminate these risks and vulnerabilities?	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b> 2 of 2			

CR 2.3 Prepare for Long-Term Adaptability			
<b>Intent:</b> Prepare infrastructure systems to be resilient to the consequences of long-term climate change, perform adequately under altered climate conditions, or adapt to other long-term change scenarios.			
<b>Metric:</b> The degree to which the project has been designed for long-term resilience and adaptation.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project be designed to accommodate a changing operating environment throughout the project life cycle?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b> 0 of 1			

CR 2.4 Prepare for Short-Term Hazards			
<b>Intent:</b> Increase resilience and long-term recovery prospects of the project and site from natural and man-made short-term hazards.			
<b>Metric:</b> Steps taken to improve protection measures beyond existing regulations.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will a hazard analysis be conducted covering the likely natural and man-made hazards in the project area area?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
Will the project be designed so that it is able to recover quickly and cost-effectively from short-term hazard events?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b> 0 of 0			

CR 2.5 Manage Heat Island Effects			
<b>Intent:</b> Minimize surfaces with a low solar reflectance index (SRI) to reduce localized heat accumulation and manage microclimates.			
<b>Metric:</b> Percentage of site area that meets SRI Criteria.			
Assessment Questions:	Yes	No	N/A
Will the project be designed to reduce heat island effects by reducing the percentage of low solar reflectance index (SRI) surfaces?	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> ?
<b>Total</b> 0 of 1			